Intermunicipal Plan for Climate Change Adaptation of Barycz Valley



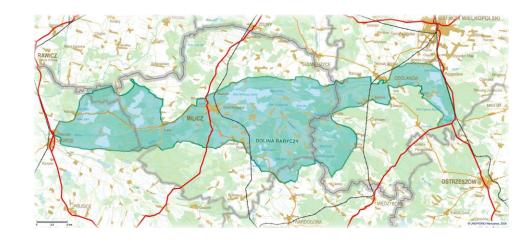
Dariusz Piechowiak
Przygodzice Municipality/
LAG "Partnership
for theBarycz Valley"

Międzygminny Plan Adaptacji do zmian klimatu dla Doliny Baryczy



Good CLIMATE in the Barycz Valley

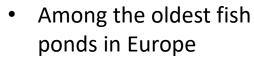
Who are we?
20 years cooperation to maintain the specificity of
Barycz River Valley



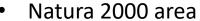






















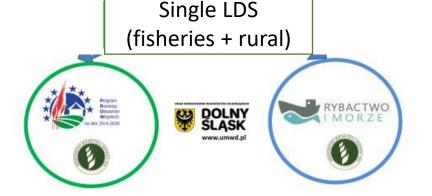
Local Development Strategies

planning and implementing funds for Barycz Valley

2007 – 2013 budget (implemented 2009 – 2016)



2014 – 2020 budget (implemented 2016 – 2024)



2023 – 2027 budget (implemented 2024 – 2029)



Lokalna Strategia Rozwoju dla rybactwa

PARTNERSTWO dla Doliny Barryczy RLGD

EMFAF (fisheries and aquaculture)

2 640 000 euro

8 gminy Cieszków Krośnice, Milicz, Odolanów Przygodzice, Sośnie, Twardogóra, Źmigr

All 8 municipalities



Lokalna Strategia Rozwoju PARTNERSTWO dla Doliny Baryczy

> Common **Agricultural Policy**

2 462 500 euro

5 gminy Cieszków Krośpice, Milicz, TwardogóraJ

2 557 500 euro

Regional MA - Greater

Poland

Lokalna Strategia Rozwoju

Wielkopolskie Partnerstwo

dla Doliny Baryczy

Regional **Development**

3 gminy Odolanów,

Przygodzi

municipalities

Funding + Common **Agricultural Policy**

municipalities

Why is climate change adaptation in Barycz Valley so important?

UNIQUE ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY



AQUACULTURE AND FARMING



Barycz Valley has the biggest area in Europe of fish ponds and highvalue area for birds (Ramsar Site, Natura 2000).

Climate changes (droughts, heat waves, extreme rainfalls) reduce water level, endanger habitats of birds and plants and threaten sustainability

Fish ponds in Barycz valley are also an income source for inhabitants; water shortages cause losses in aquaculture. Better water management and adapting production to new conditions are needed

TOURISM AND RECREATION



Tourists are attracted by landscape, birdwatching and peace. Extreme weather conditions, drying of ponds reduces attractivity and biodiversity

CLIMATE REGULATION AND WATER RETENTION



Ponds and wetlands naturally store water and mitigate results of droughts and floods. Protection and restoration of wetland areas are the chepaest ways of climate change adaptation and mitigation

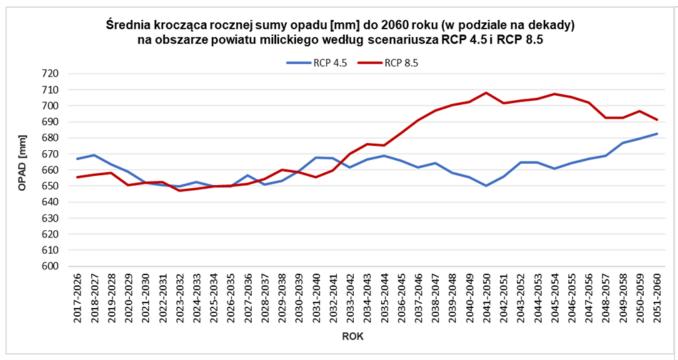
Rainfall and temperature forecasts in Barycz Valley by 2060 – example of Milicz county.

Intermunicipal Plan for Climate Change Adaptation, Barycz Valley

https://klimada2.ios.gov.pl/klimat-scenariusze-portal/)

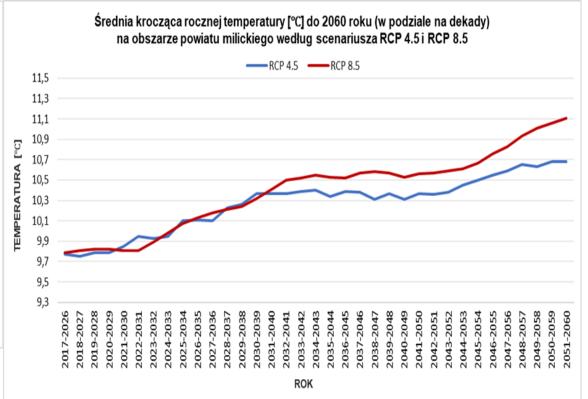
Rainfall totals per year until 2060

(two scenarios)



Average temparature until 2060

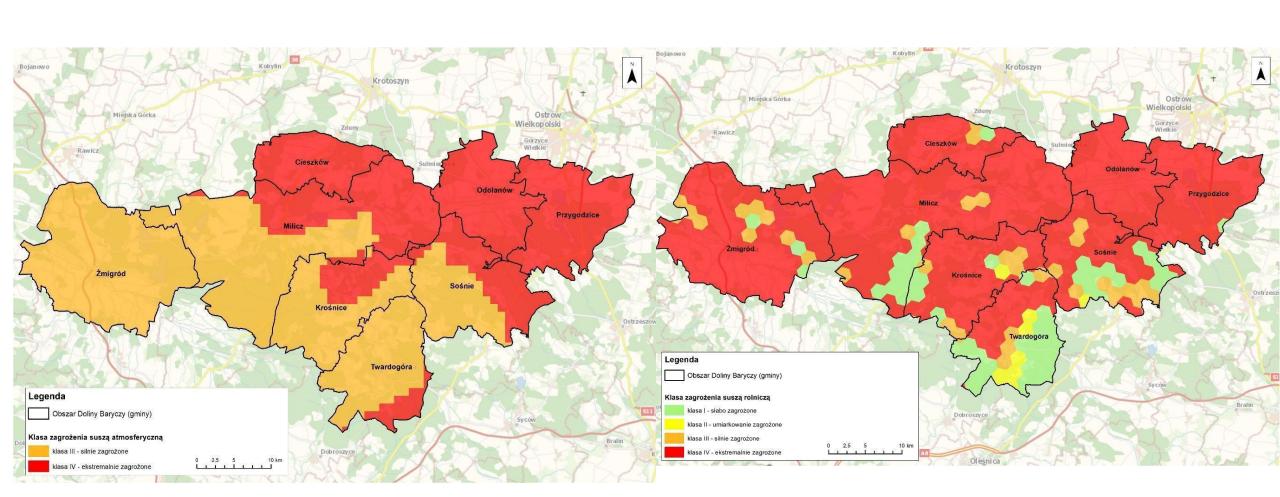
(two scenarios)



Drought forecasts by 2060.

Intermunicipal Plan for Climate Change Adaptation, Barycz Valley

https://klimada2.ios.gov.pl/klimat-scenariusze-portal/)



Who has Intermunicipal Plans for Climate Change Adaptation?

• At the time of our initiative, Plans were obligatory for all towns over 100 000 inhabitants (now over 20 000 inhabitants, due to recent legislative change)

- LOCAL ACTION GROUP BARYCZ VALLEY:
 - 1 city over 20 000 inhabitants
 - 2 cities under 20 000 inhabitants
 - rural area (new environmental legislation)





Międzygminny Plan Adaptacji do zmian klimatu dla Doliny Baryczy







Intermunicipal Plan for Climate Change Adaptation for Barycz Valley

developed 2023-2024

(funded by LAG from EAFRD as own operation – EU funds)

Engaged over 290 people

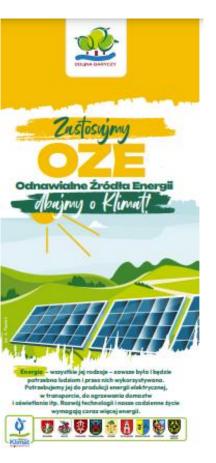
- Working group,
- Community consultation
- Study visits
- Workshops with experts
- Results of evaluation and opinion polls
- Lessons from pilot grants
- Environmental Impact Assessment

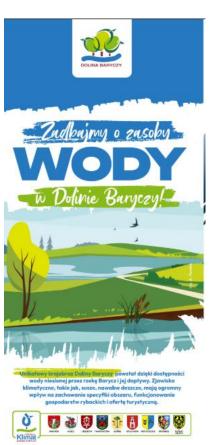
2024/2025 - Municipal councils should adopt the Plan

Changes in local authorities (election)

Inter-municipal Climate Conference - a good climate for cooperation

Goal: Meeting with experts, combating disinformation, and presenting good practices and local initiatives.





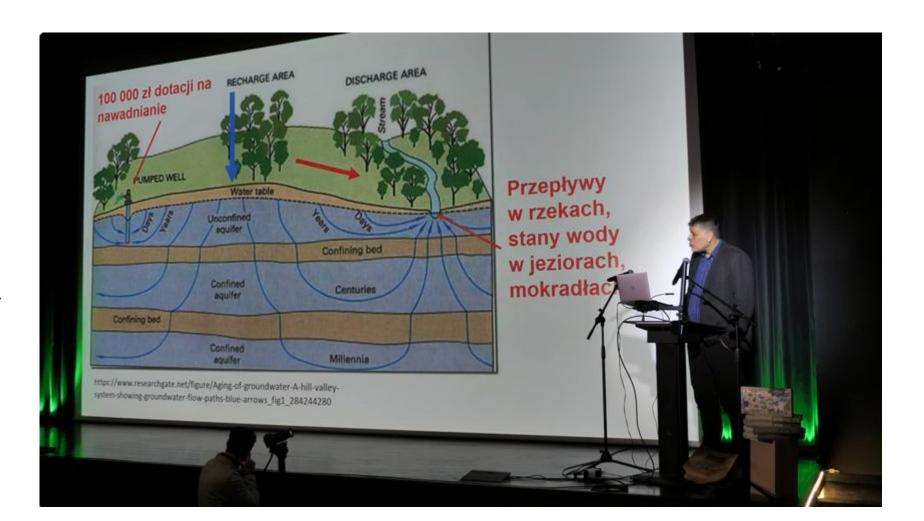




Inter-municipal Climate Conference - a good climate for cooperation

Goal: Meeting with experts, combating disinformation, and presenting good practices and local initiatives.

Groundwater



Inter-municipal Climate Conference - a good climate for cooperation

Goal: Meeting with experts, combating disinformation, and presenting good practices and local initiatives.

Agricultural landscape



Inter-municipal Climate Conference - a good climate for cooperation

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Inter-municipal Climate Conference - a good climate for cooperation

Goal: Meeting with experts, combating disinformation, and presenting good practices and local initiatives.

Result: Eight municipalities adopted a resolution on the Inter-Municipal Adaptation Plan for Rural Areas — the first rural Plan in Poland.





Tree aleys and old trees

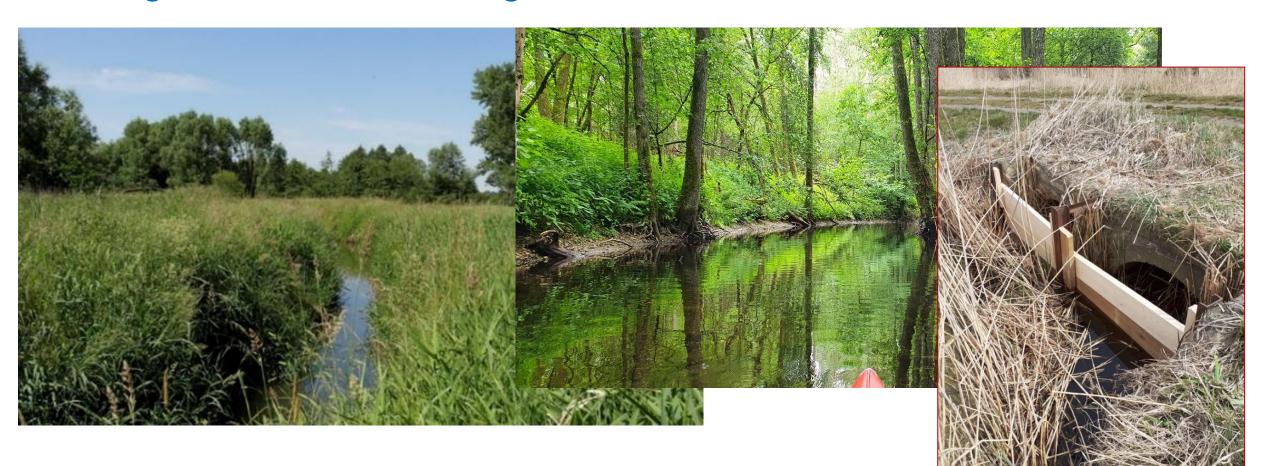


Small retention – Rain gardens at public buildings, provisions in local plans for new facilities



Small retention – ditches, reed beds, ponds Ensuring water is distributed during floods

Small retention – shading of rivers, limiting dredging and maintenance works on rivers



Small retention – caring for wetlands

Small retention – adaptation areas within the locality – fire protection reservoirs, ponds



Natural, green playgrounds

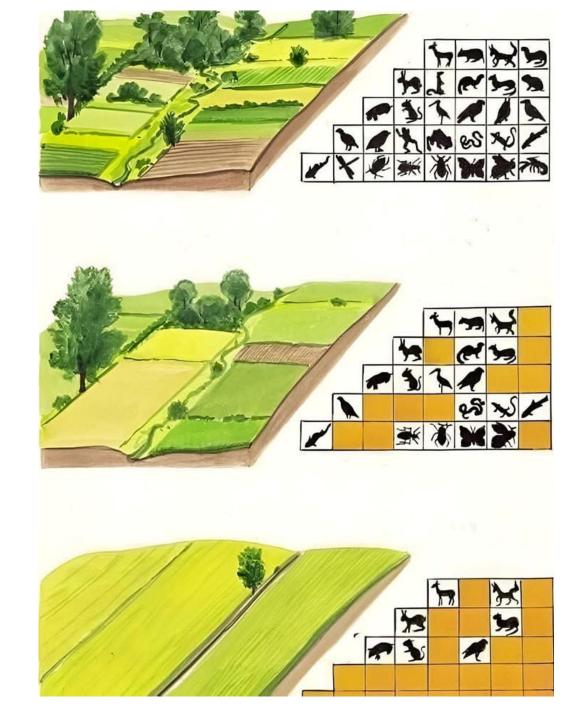
Creating permeable surfaces





Education of residents, farmers, and consumers

 Poor spatial management and excessive anthropogenic pressure result in a decrease in the quantity and quality of water resources, an increase in the risk of flooding and a loss of biodiversity.





Międzygminny Plan Adaptacji do zmian klimatu dla Doliny Baryczy

