# RURAL INNOVATION: A STRATEGIC ENGINE FOR FUTURE PROSPERITY

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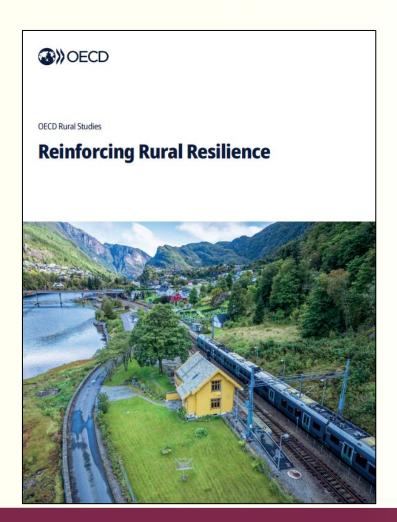
### Rural Innovation: a strategic engine for the future

Rural innovation is already happening in diverse settings - well beyond agriculture



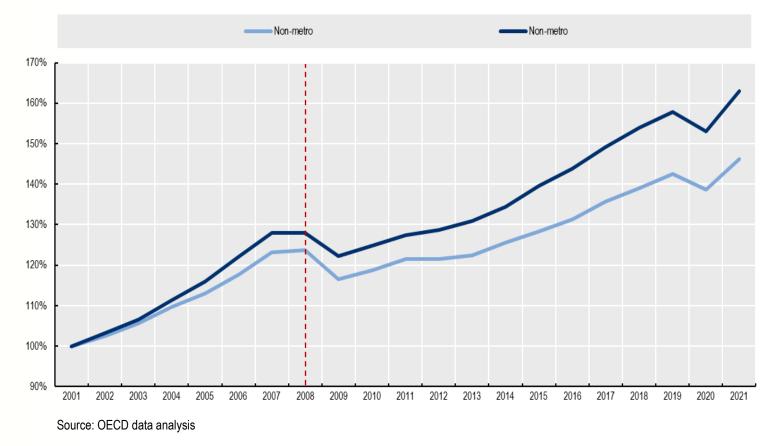


## Rural at a crossroads: finding a place in a changing world



#### Divergence in economic activity: GDP trend 2001-2021, metro vs non-metro regions

GDP change, in % (2001 = 100%)





## Rural is not a burden: OECD granular data shows pockets of opportunity amid shrinking rural populations

Automation and capital contributing to productivity and transforming rural places

#### **Data Facts:**



In 3 OECD countries, rural GDP outpaced metros (2001–2021)



In 11 OECD countries, > 50% of rural regions beat national GDP per capita growth (rural near cities with highest growth)



Almost 1 in 2 OECD manufacturing jobs are in rural areas



Rural = 63% of OECD renewable electricity



20 % of rural jobs are green jobs

#### **STAR** sources of rural growth





## Hurdles: it's not lack of ideas - it's a failure of tailored systems

#### Lagging behind...

- Low R&D activity: 153 patents per million in urban
   vs. 24 in rural
- Lower entrepreneurship: 25% fewer young start-up entrepreneurs in rural areas (per 1000 inhabitants)

## **Top barriers to rural innovation** (OECD Survey in 23 countries)

- **33%**: Poor access to public services
- 30%: Skills shortages (incl. digital skills)
   (with rural entrepreneurs less likely to be in training)

A support system for rural innovation needs to go **beyond S&T**.



Focus on community challenges: healthcare, services, etc.....

In **Scotland**, the Highlands and Islands Enterprise Agency supports social entrepreneurs to deliver services the public sector cannot.

In **Switzerland**, "Innovation Boosters" fund radical ideas in remote areas using design thinking.

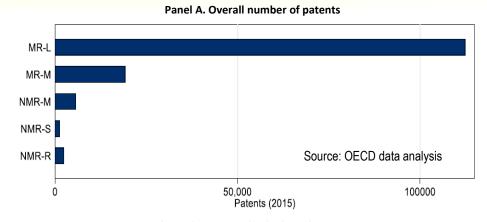


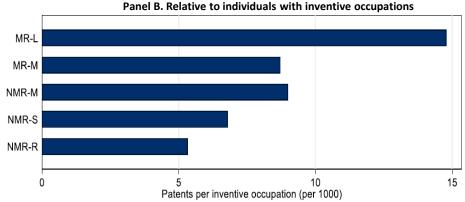
### Rural innovation – a hidden strength?

#### **S&T** innovation

#### Patents by U.S. region type

# patents filed 2015: Total and per 1000 individuals with inventive occupations





#### **Broad innovation**

Rural are **users** of innovation – even if statistics don't pick it up.

(e.g. tech adoption in biogas, mining plants etc.)

Rural innovation types	Example
Innovation rooted in place resources	Experimental Lakes Area in remote <b>Ontario (CAN)</b> → research facility on climate and pollution
Innovation led by civic groups	Go Forward Pine Bluff in <b>Arkansas (US)→</b> community entrepreneurial ecosystem
Innovation in regulations	Fintech Sandbox in <b>Rural Australia</b> → pilot financial services without full licensing burden
Innovating in service delivery	Social Enterprises for mental health in rural Scotland



## Call to action: build conditions for rural innovation success

Rural innovation exists (and is diverse); but fit-for-purpose support systems don't.....



Going beyond science and technology-type innovation



Policies and programmes fit for demographics, firms and communities in rural areas.



Co-ordination and simplification of pre-existing public services



Building networks and linkages for rural innovation



## Policy takeaway: rural innovation efforts need to be place based

Rural is not just one story....

- Start small and experiment with pilots build a culture of experimentation
- Build community architecture institutional and support conditions for rural people to meet, learn, and ideate.
- Tailor regulatory innovation adapt to local settings to overcome unique obstacles (regulatory sandboxes)

(e.g. pilot financial services without full licensing burdens in Australia)







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